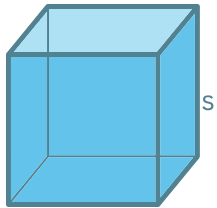


Length, Area and Volume

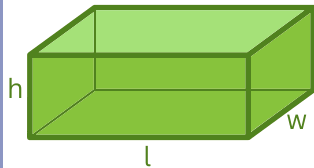
Volume and Surface Area Formulas

CUBE



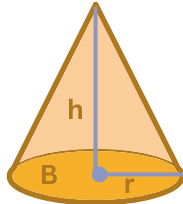
$$SA = 6s^2$$
$$V = s^3$$

RECTANGULAR PRISM



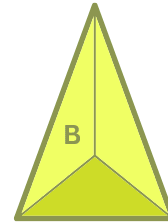
$$SA = 2(lw + lh + wh)$$
$$V = lwh$$

CONE



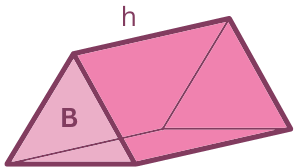
$$SA = \pi rs + \pi r^2$$
$$V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$$

TRIANGULAR PYRAMID



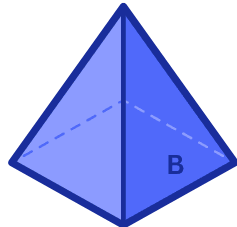
$$SA = \text{sum of face areas}$$
$$V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$$

TRIANGULAR PRISM



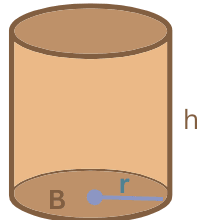
$$SA = 2B + 2P$$
$$V = Bh$$

SQUARE PRISM



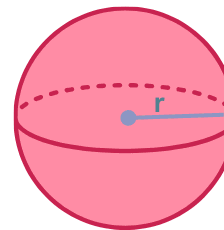
$$SA = \text{sum of face areas}$$
$$V = \frac{1}{3}Bh$$

CYLINDER



$$SA = 2\pi r + 2\pi r^2$$
$$V = Bh$$

SPHERE



$$SA = 4\pi r^2$$
$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

Learning Intention

Topic: Perimeter

6A

1 I can convert between metric units of length.

e.g. Convert these measurements to the units shown in the brackets.

a 9.2 cm (mm) **b** 61 000 cm (m)

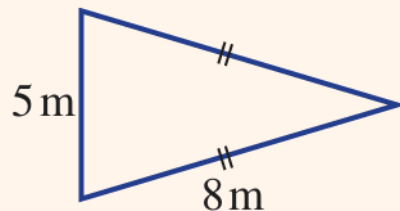


6A

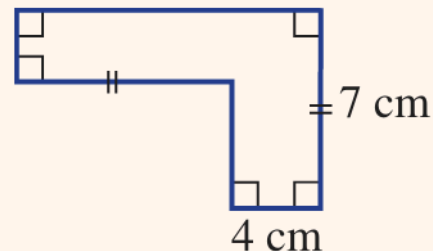
2 I can find the perimeter of basic shapes, including composite shapes.

e.g. Find the perimeter of these shapes.

a



b

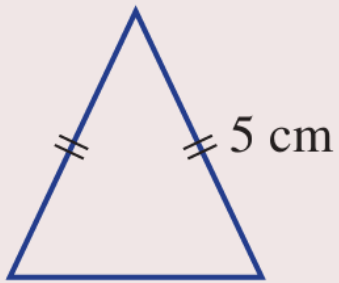


Perimeter

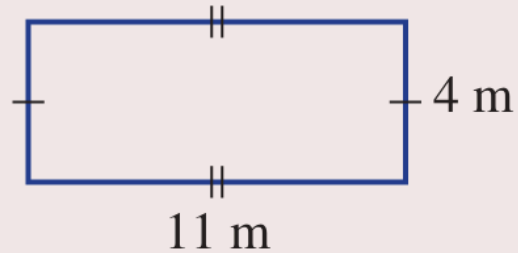
What's perimeter?

- Perimeter of a shape is the distance around the shape

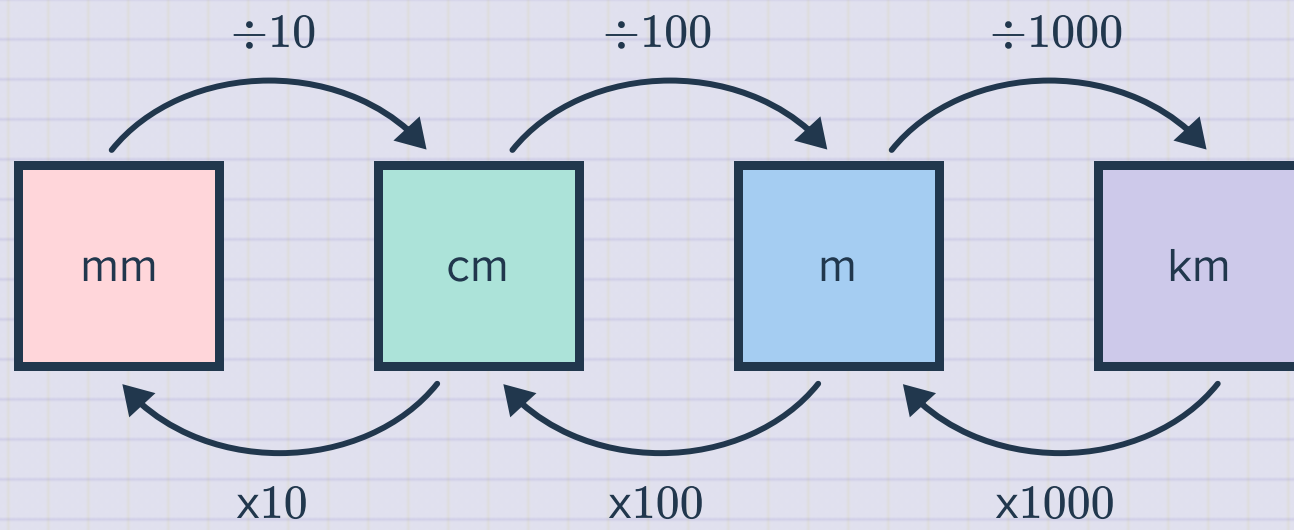
- Sides with the same markings are of equal **length**



$$\begin{aligned} P &= 2 \times 5 + 3 \\ &= 13 \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

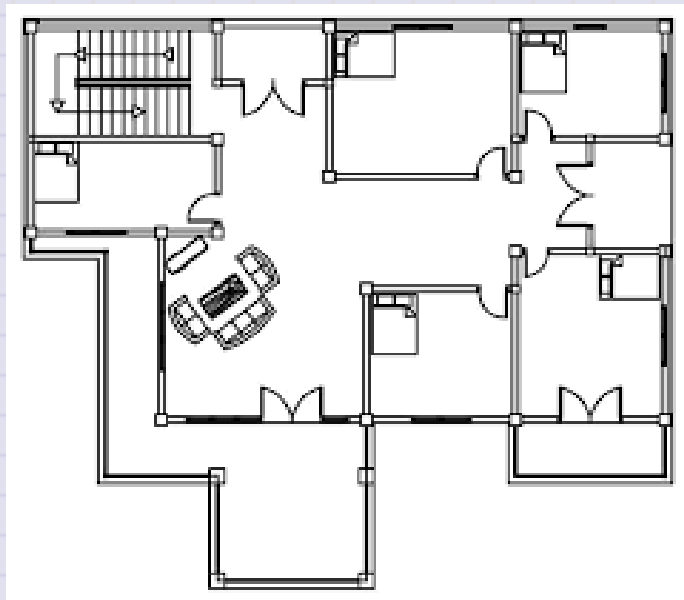


$$\begin{aligned} P &= 2 \times 11 + 2 \times 4 \\ &= 30 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$



Perimeter of Composite Shapes

- What's a composite shape?
 - any shape that is made up of two or more shapes
- We see what lengths are on the outside - some sides may now be shared
- Composite shape in real life:



Learning Intention

Topic: Circumference and Sector Perimeters

6B

3 I can find the circumference of a circle.

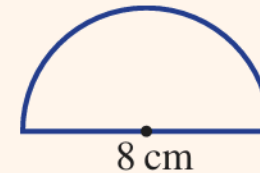
e.g. Find the circumference of a circle with a diameter of 5 m, correct to two decimal places.



6B

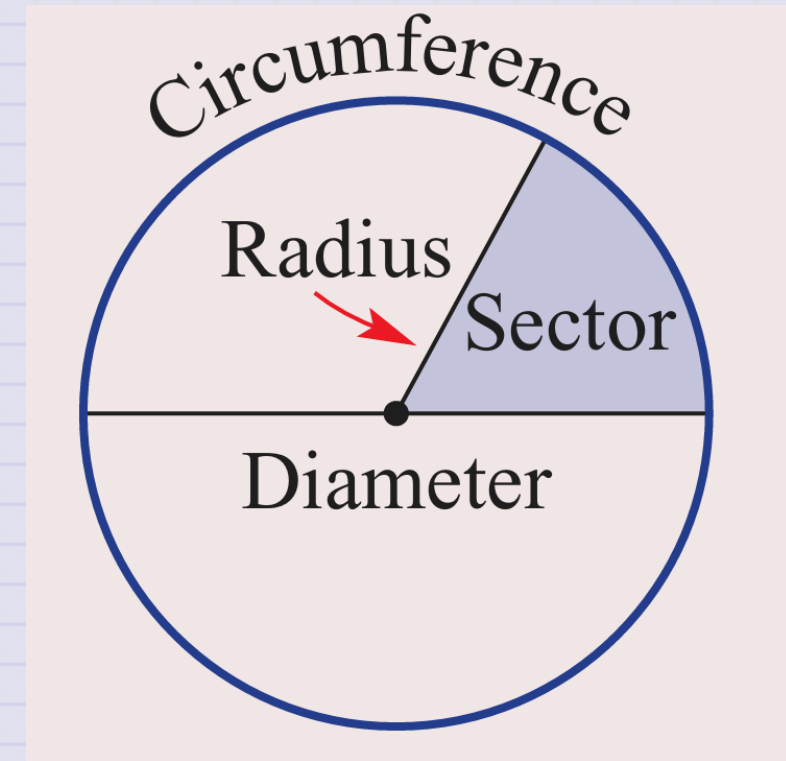
4 I can find the perimeter of a semicircle or a quadrant.

e.g. Find the perimeter of this semicircle correct to two decimal places.



Parts of a circle: distances


- **Circumference:** perimeter of a circle
 - remember: perimeter: distance around a shape
- **radius:** distance from centre of circle to its edge
 - 🤔: How many radii can there be?
- **diameter:** distance from one end of the circle to the other, through the centre
 - $\text{diameter} = 2 \times \text{radius}$ (🤔 why?)
- **sector:** part of a circle marked off by an arc and its two radii
 - a fraction of the circle



Introducing: Pi π

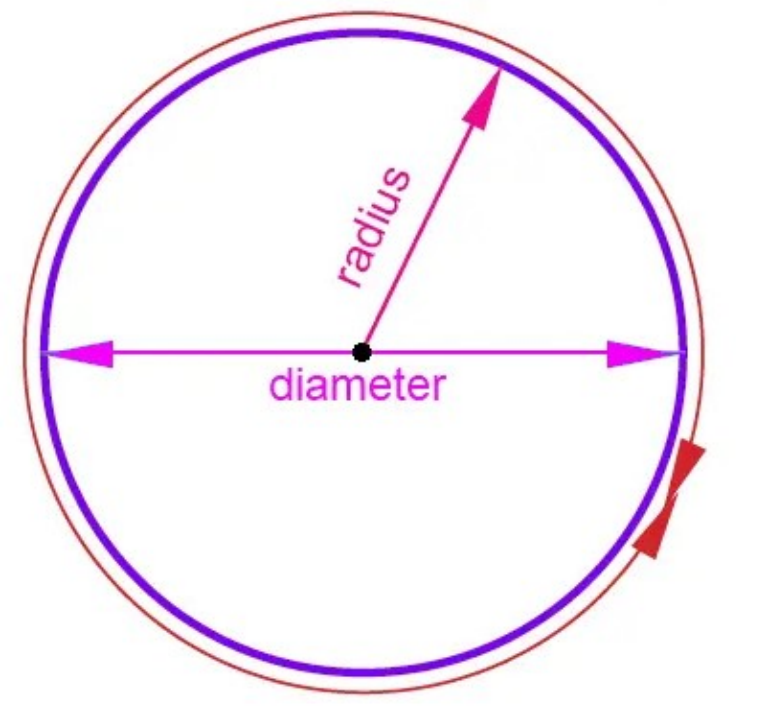
- This is an irrational number: goes on **forever**, but approximately **3.14**
- Archimedes approximated pi by drawing 2 polygons with 96 sides: inside a circle and outside
- Universal constant: relationship between diameter and circumference

π is on your calculator:

- Let's find it now
- in most calculators, it's on the *bottom* near the *right* of the numbers 



Circumference of Circle



Circumference Formula

$$\text{Circumference} = d \times \pi$$

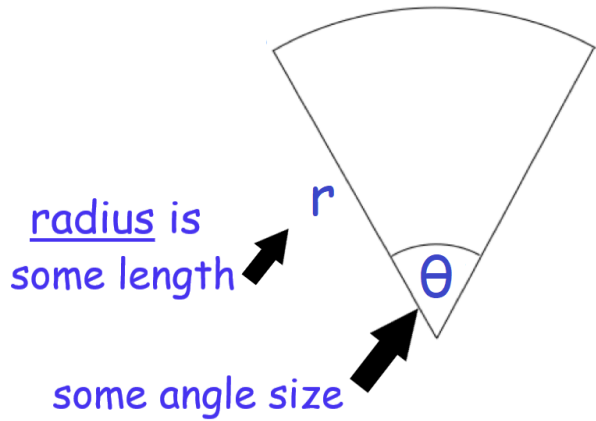
$$\text{Circumference} = 2 \times \pi \times r$$

Where, d = diameter, r = radius

(remember we said earlier: diameter = $2 \times$ radius)

and $\pi \approx 3.14$

Perimeter of a Sector



- Remember: Circumference = $\pi \times 2 \times r$

- Arc-length = $\frac{\theta}{360^\circ} \times \pi \times 2 \times r$

- Perimeter = arc-length + $2 \times r$

- where r is the radius and θ is the angle of the sector

Note: θ is not 0: it is a Greek symbol that just looks similar

Special sectors

- A half circle is called a **semicircle**
- A quarter circle is called a **quadrant**

Learning Intention

Topic: Area of Quadrilaterals and Triangles

6C

5 I can convert between metric units of area.

e.g. Convert these measurements to the units shown in the brackets.

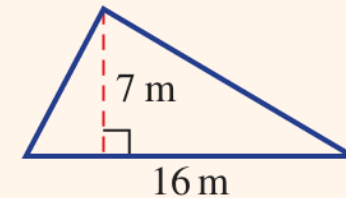
a 5.32 cm^2 (mm^2) **b** $728\,000 \text{ cm}^2$ (m^2)



6C

6 I can find the area of rectangles, triangles and parallelograms.

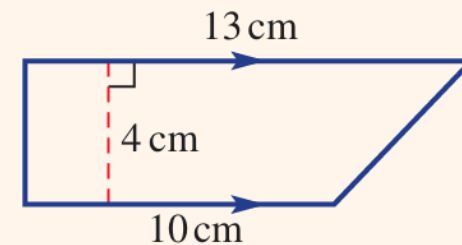
e.g. Find the area of this triangle.



6C

7 I can find the area of rhombuses and trapeziums.

e.g. Find the area of this trapezium.

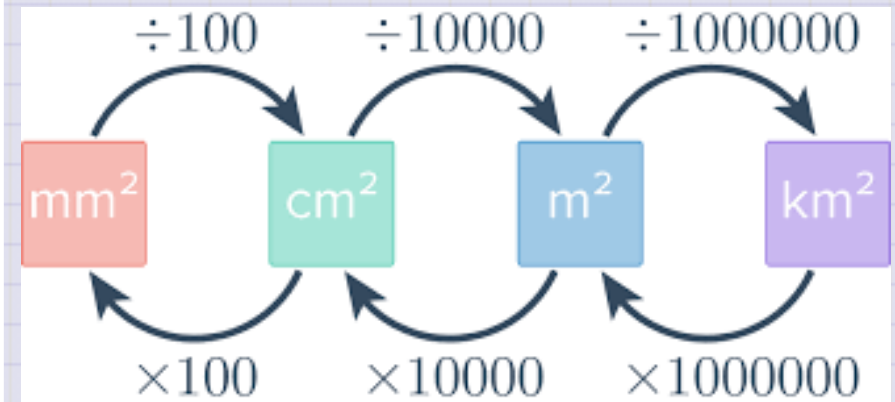


Area of Quadrilaterals and Triangles

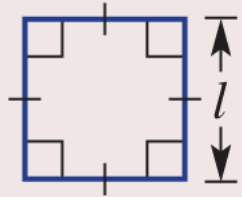
Quick check: What's an area?

- The area of a two-dimensional shape is a measure of the space enclosed within its boundaries.

square centimetre (cm ²)	square metre (m ²)
$1 \text{ cm} = 10 \text{ mm}$ $1 \text{ cm}^2 = 1 \text{ cm} \times 1 \text{ cm}$ $= 10 \text{ mm} \times 10 \text{ mm}$ $= 100 \text{ mm}^2$	$1 \text{ m} = 100 \text{ cm}$ $1 \text{ m}^2 = 1 \text{ m} \times 1 \text{ m}$ $= 100 \text{ cm} \times 100 \text{ cm}$ $= 10\,000 \text{ cm}^2$
hectare (ha)	square kilometre (km ²)
$1 \text{ ha} = 100 \text{ m} \times 100 \text{ m}$ $= 10\,000 \text{ m}^2$	$1 \text{ km} = 1\,000 \text{ m}$ $1 \text{ km}^2 = 1 \text{ km} \times 1 \text{ km}$ $= 1\,000 \text{ m} \times 1\,000 \text{ m}$ $= 1\,000\,000 \text{ m}^2$ $1 \text{ km}^2 = 100 \text{ ha}$

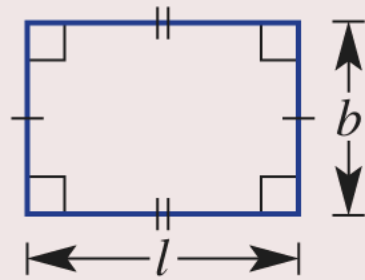


Square



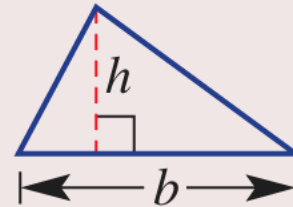
$$\text{Area} = l^2$$

Rectangle



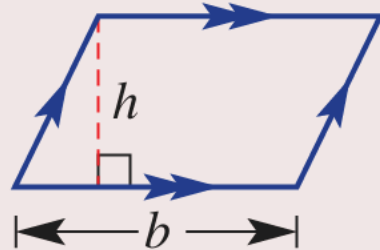
$$\text{Area} = lb$$

Triangle



$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

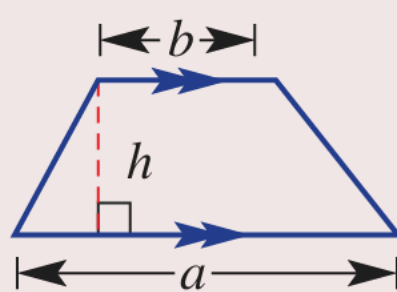
Parallelogram



$$\text{Area} = bh$$

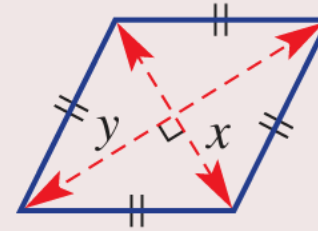
(Can also be used
for a rhombus)

Trapezium



$$\text{Area} = \frac{h}{2}(a + b)$$

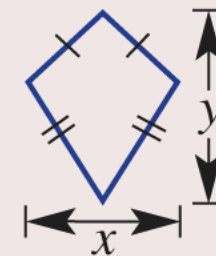
Rhombus



$$\text{Area} = \frac{1}{2}xy$$

(Can also be used
for a square)

Kite



$$A = \frac{1}{2}xy$$

Note: The height (h) in the formulas for the area of a triangle, parallelogram and trapezium must be perpendicular (at 90°) to the base.

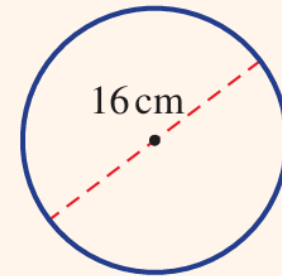
Learning Intention

Topic: Area of a circle

6D

8 I can find the area of a circle.

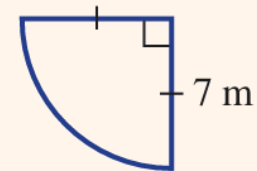
e.g. Find the area of this circle correct to two decimal places.

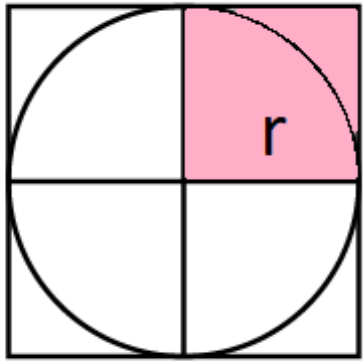



6D

9 I can find the area of a quadrant or semicircle.

e.g. Find the area of this quadrant correct to two decimal places.



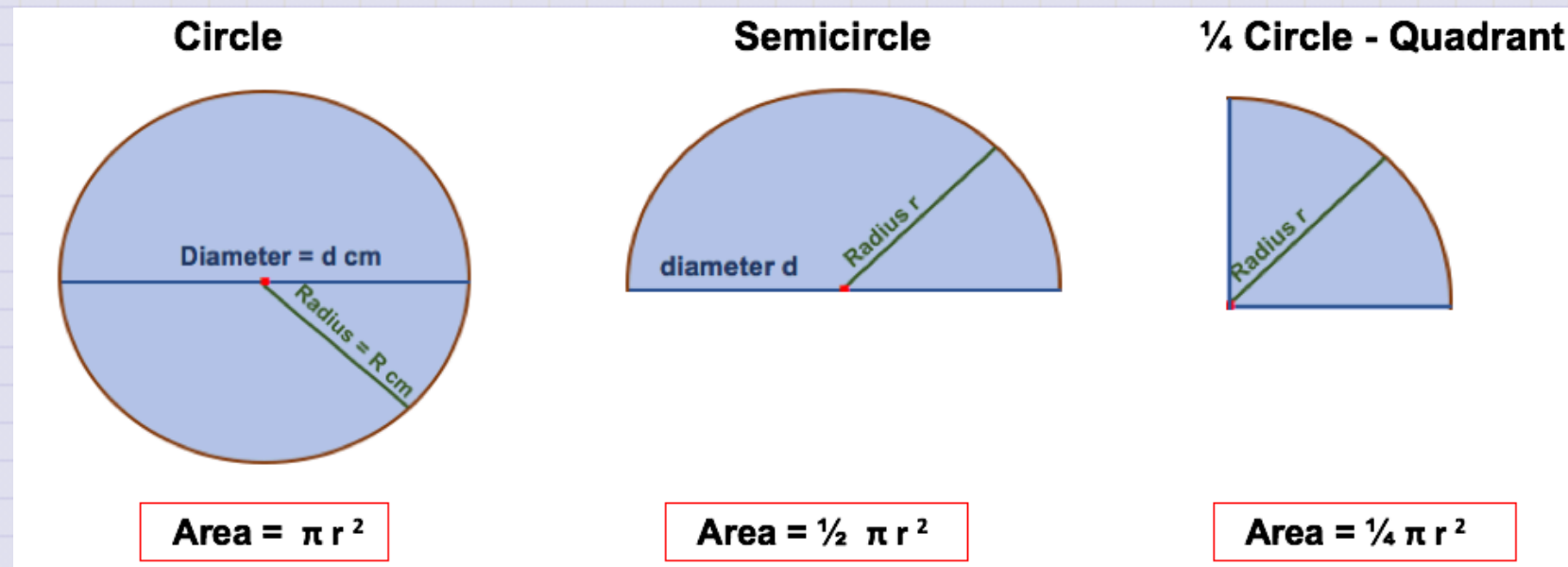


a bit less than
 $4 \times$ 

Area of a Circle

- And guess what, $\pi \approx 3.14$ is a bit less than 4 too!
- Area of circle = $\pi \times r^2$
- where r is the radius and $\pi \approx 3.14$

What if we have a fraction of a circle?

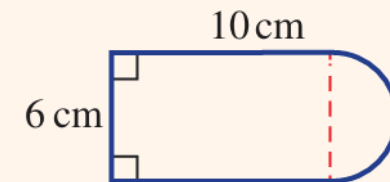


Learning Intention

Topic: Composite Shapes

6E

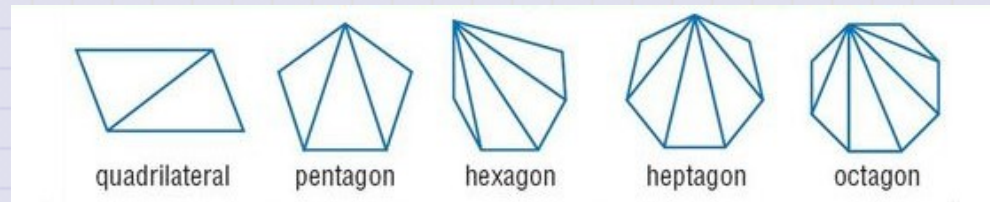
10 I can find the perimeter and area of simple composite shapes.
e.g. Find the perimeter and area of this composite shape correct to two decimal places.



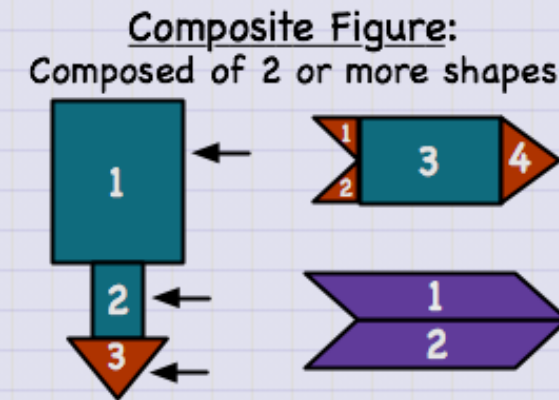
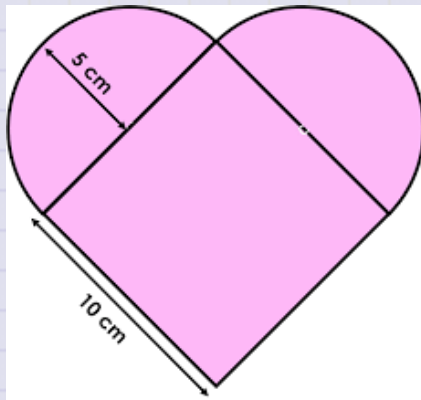
Composite Shapes

Composite shape: any shape that is made up of two or more geometric shapes

For example: Any polygon can be broken down into triangles

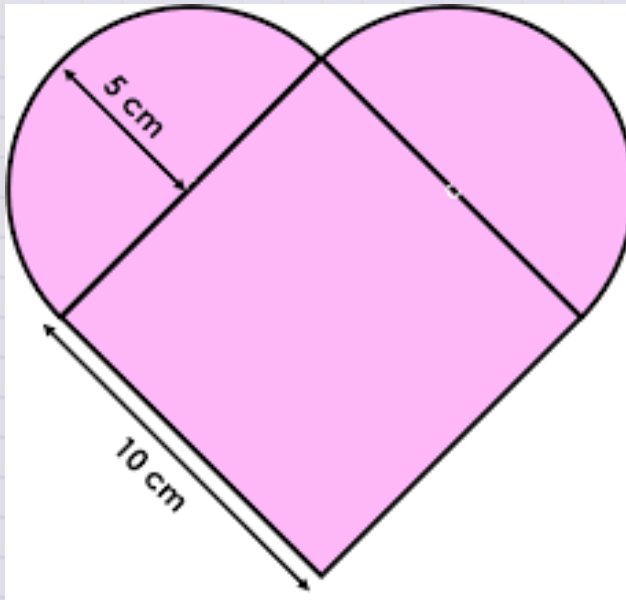


- This fact is used by GPUs (Graphical Processing Units) to create graphics for video games



Perimeter and Area of Composite Shapes

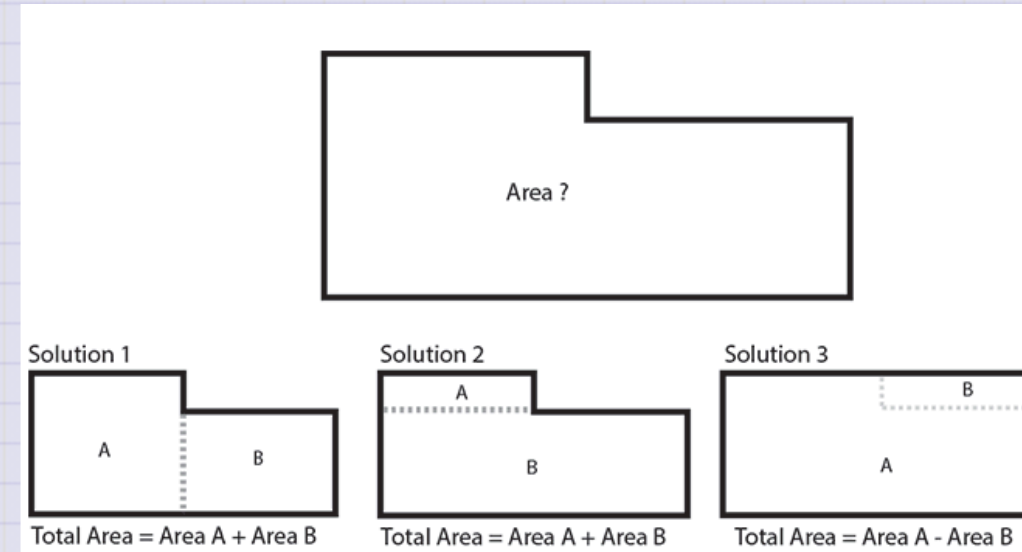
1. To find the perimeter or area of a composite shape, we break it down into shapes we know ([example](#))
2. a) Perimeter: find the perimeter of the individual shapes and subtract shared sides
b) Area: Find the area of the individual shapes



Steps to Find Areas of Composite Shapes

This can be by adding *or* subtracting shapes

- Divide shape diagram with lines (no overlapping shapes)
- Label sides/heights with dimensions
- Calculate areas (give them names like A_1)
- Add up all areas to find the total

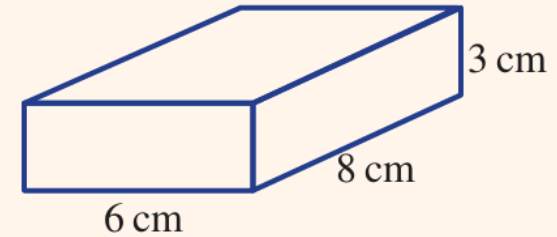


Learning Intention

Topic: Surface Area of Prisms

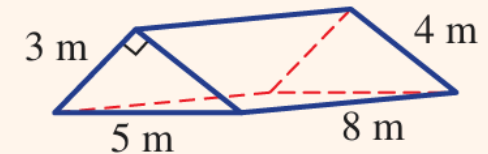
6F

- 11 I can find the surface area of a rectangular prism.**
e.g. Find the surface area of this rectangular prism.



6F

- 12 I can find the surface area of a triangular prism.**
e.g. Find the surface area of this triangular prism.









Prisms

What is a prism?

- 3d shape: solid
- cross-section is a **polygon**
 - cross-section: what you get when you slice a shape like bread



Prism: a solid with a **uniform polygonal cross-section**

Prism			
Cross Section			

Prisms in real life

Prisms are named after their cross-section, e.g. triangular, pentagonal

What kind of prisms are these?

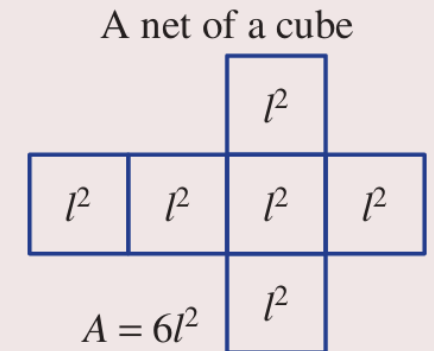
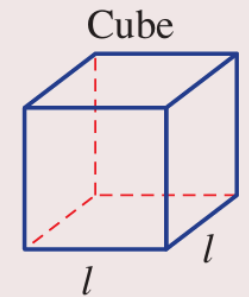


- 🤔: What's another name for a square prism? For a rectangular prism?

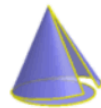
Surface Area of Prisms

To find the surface area of a prism, we break it down into its **net**

Net: a 2D illustration of all the surfaces of a solid



Nets of the Cube



Net of a Cone



Net of a Cylinder

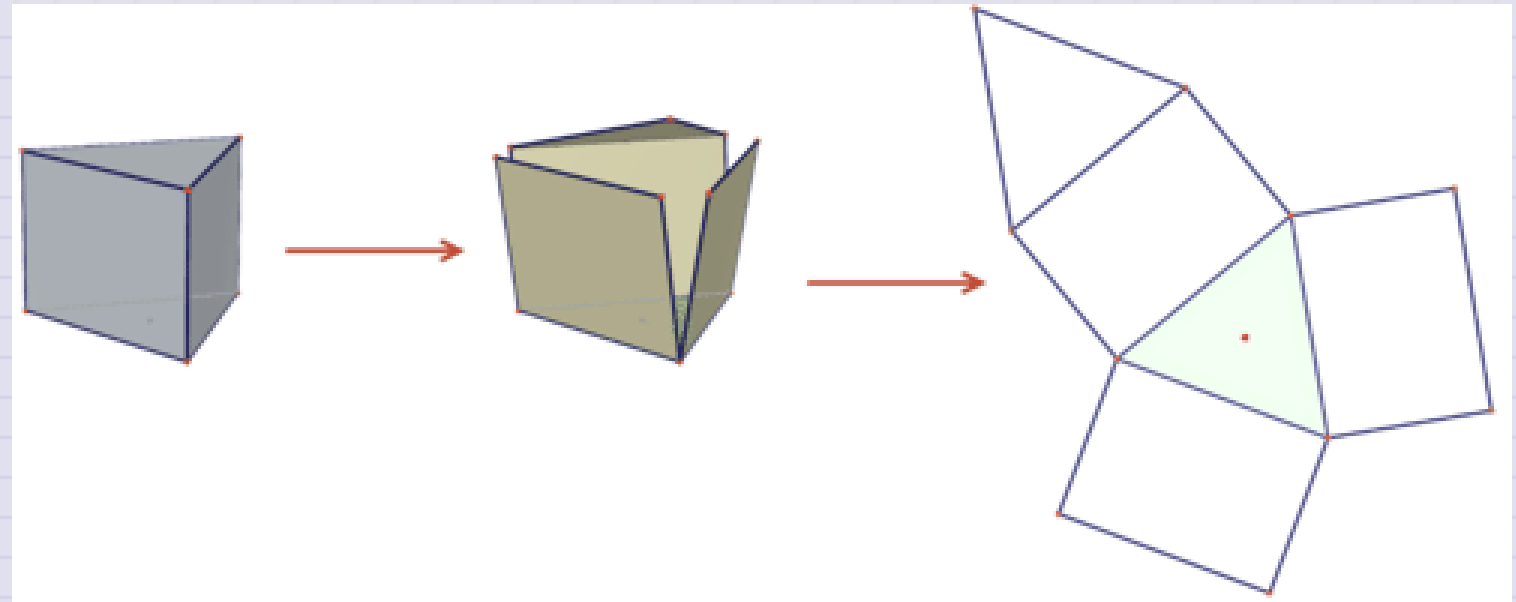
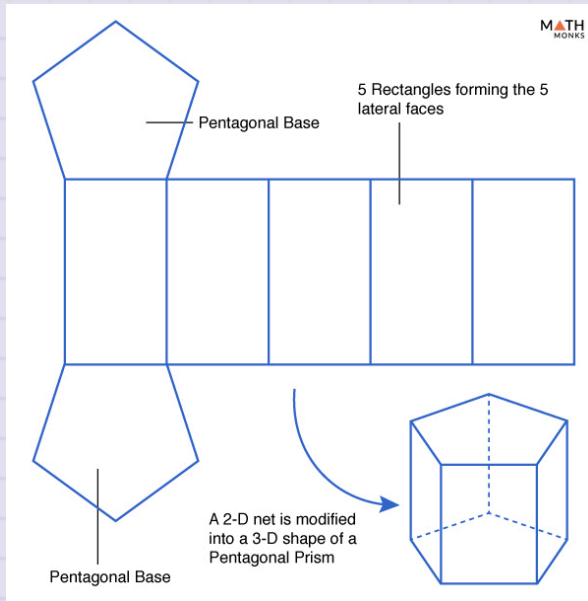


Net of a Square Based Pyramid

How to draw a net

Generally, each prism is made up of:

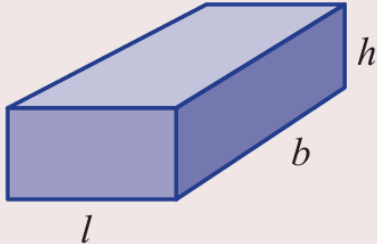
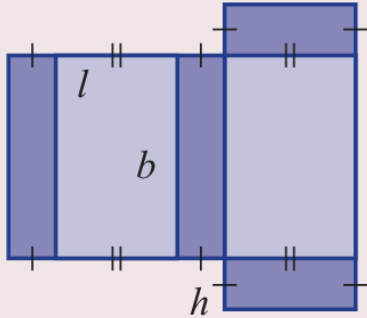
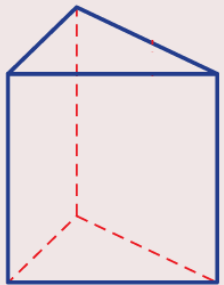
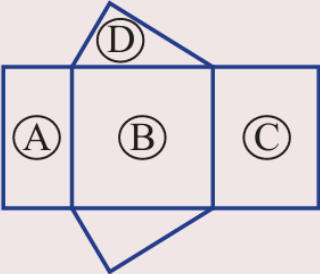
- a bottom and top (the cross-section)
- rectangles connecting these



- You can start with either a rectangle or the base
- Count sides to make sure you've got them all

Finding the Surface Area

- So you have the net, now what?
- Add up all the areas of the shapes in the net

Solid	Net	Surface area
<p>Rectangular prism</p> 		$A = 2(lb + bh + lh)$
<p>Triangular prism</p> 		$A = \text{area } \textcircled{A} + \text{area } \textcircled{B} + \text{area } \textcircled{C} + 2 \times \text{area } \textcircled{D}$

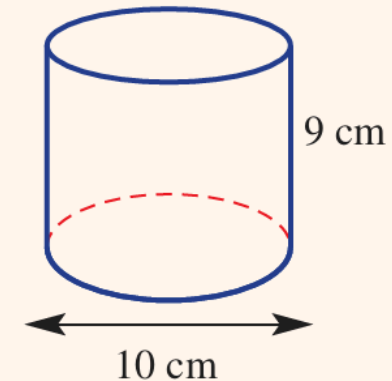
Learning Intention

Topic: Surface Area of Cylinders

6G

13 I can find the surface area of a cylinder.

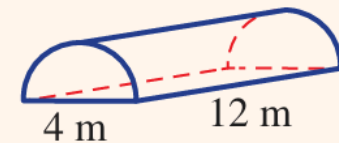
e.g. Find the surface area of this cylinder correct to two decimal places.



6G

14 I can find the surface area of a cylindrical portion.

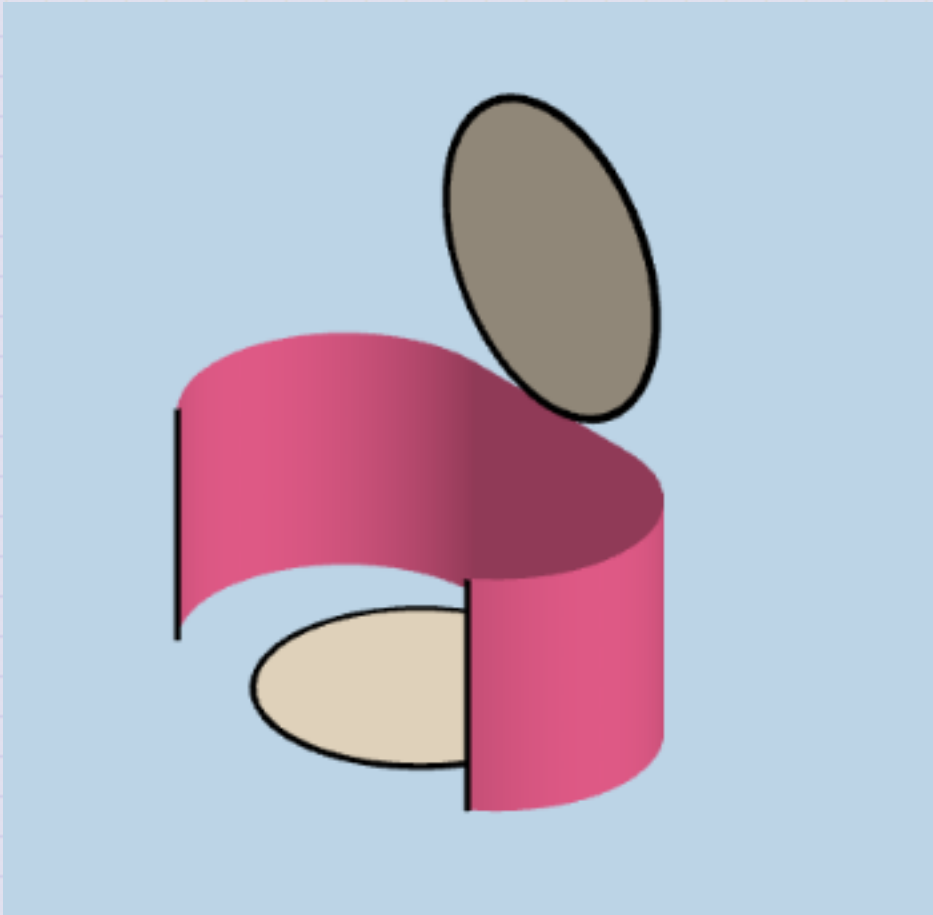
e.g. Find the surface area of this half cylinder correct to two decimal places.



What is a **cylinder**?

- Like a circular 'prism': with a uniform circular cross-section

Surface Area



Formula

- Area of the circles = πr^2 each
- Area of the "tube" = $2\pi r h$ (Why?)
- (We can unfold it into a rectangle with the circumference as a side)
- Put together, we get:

$$A = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r h$$

- 5-11 Volume of a prism

Volume of Prisms



- 5-13 Volume and capacity

Capacity

What is capacity? What does it mean for a bottle to have more capacity?

- **Capacity:** the amount of fluid a container can hold
 - usually measured in litres or millilitres
 - also measured in kilolitres and megalitres

Real-life Examples of Capacity

milliLitre	Litre	kiloLitre	MegaLitre
1ml = an eyedropper	Milk comes in 1 Litre	4 full bathtubs = 1 kiloLitre	An Olympic swimming pool = 2.5 MegaLitres
 center	 center		

- What's the capacity of your water bottles?

Converting between units


Remember: a millilitre is smaller than a litre, so a big number of millilitres will be a small number of litres, not the other way around

$$1 \text{ L} = 1000 \text{ mL}$$

$$1 \text{ kL} = 1000 \text{ L}$$

$$1 \text{ ML} = 1000 \text{ kL} \\ = 1,000,000 \text{ L} \quad (1 \text{ million litres!})$$

Converting to Capacity from Volume

 bottomcorner

We can also convert from volume to capacity

$$1 \text{ mL} = 1 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$1 \text{ L} = 1000 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$1 \text{ kL} = 1 \text{ m}^3$$